

Light is protecting

AirZing[™] – powered by OSRAM HNS[®] UV lamps

April 1st, 2020

Light is OSRAM



What is UV-C What is AirZingTM Area of Applications How to use AirZingTM Any other impacts



What is UV-C

What is AirZing[™] Area of Applications

How to use $AirZing^{TM}$

Any other impacts



UV-C is a proven technology of obliterating micro-organisms efficiently

- As we all know, UV is part of sun light, which is an easy way of surface cleaning in our daily life.
- UV is a sort of invisible electromagnetic radiation, with wave length between 100-380nm.
- The very first artificial UV light source was introduced to the world in Germany 200 years ago.



How does UV-C obliterate microorganisms (bacteria and virus)



The cell nucleus of micro-organisms(bacteria and virus) contains thymine, a chemical element of the DNA / RNA. This element absorbs UV-C at a specific wavelength of 253.7 nm and changes to such an extent (formation of thymine dimers) that the cell is no longer capable of multiplying and surviving.

- UV-C (253.7nm) penetrates the cell wall of the micro-organism
- The high energy photons of the UV-C are absorbed by the cell proteins and DNA / RNA
- UV-C damages the protein structure causing metabolic disruption
- DNA/RNA is chemically altered so organisms can no longer replicate
- Organisms are unable to metabolize and replicate, CAN'T cause disease or spoilage





Coronavirus (SARS-CoV-2) has typical RNA structure

Comparison

V-UV(185nm) also kill micro-organisms as well, but causes Ozone accordingly which is harmful for human beings. It is used for more industrial applications. UV-C is safer.



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What is $AirZing^{TM}$

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AirZing[™] – powered by OSRAM UV (HNS)



AirZing[™] PRO 5030

Input Voltage	220V±10%
Designed in Input Current	0.16A
Output Current	360 mA
Power Consumption	34 W
lamp Wattage	30 W
Power Factor	> 0.9
THD	< 20%
UV-C Output (253.7nm)	11-12W
Initial UV-C irradiance	>1.2 W/m ² @1M
AirZing [™] PRO 5030 UV-C irradiance @ 9000 hrs	>0.96 W/m² @1M
CE On going Lamp life time	9,000 Hrs
Warranty	3 Years
Efficient Precise Premium Powerful Smart Safe Dimension	L1058mm/W54mm/H78mm
99.9% 253.7nm Ozone 360° IR 30s Weight	1.3kg (net)/1.9kg(package)
efficiency length Free Area Sensor Starting Operation Temperature	-10 °C~ 35 °C
Storage Temperature	-20 °C~ 60 °C

AirZing[™] PRO 5040

					Product name	AirZing [™] PRO 5040
				10	Input Voltage	220V±10%
Designed in GERMA	n N				Input Current	0.19A
Y			-		Output Current	430 mA
			, 2		Power Consumption	40 W
		2	Contraction of the		lamp Wattage	36 W
		- 0			Power Factor	> 0.9
					THD	< 20%
	<i>(</i> 1),				UV-C Output (253.7nm)	14-15W
		/		_	Initial UV-C irradiance	1.4 W/m ² @1M
			AirZing™	PRO 5040	UV-C irradiance @ 9000 hrs	>1.24 W/m² @1M
			120 1224	CE On going	Lamp life time	9,000 Hrs
			12.5 12.54		Warranty	3 Years
Efficient	Precise	Premium	Powerful	Smart Safe	Dimension	L1363mm/W54mm/H78mm
99.9% Sterilization	253.7nm	Ozone	360°	IR 30s	Weight	1.5kg (net)/2.2kg(package)
efficiency	length	Free	Coverage Area S	ensor Starting	Operation Temperature	-10 °C~ 35 °C
					Storage Temperature	-20 °C~ 60 °C

Standards and regulations

China standards		Relevant international standards
GB7000.1 灯具一般要求与试验	Luminaires - Part 1: General requirements and	tests
GB 7000.201 特殊要求固定式通用灯具	IEC60598-2-1 Particular requirements-Fix general purpose Lu	ıminaires
GB/T 20145 灯和灯系统的光生物安全性	CIE S 009/E Photobiological safety of Lamps and Lamps Sys	stems
GB/T 17743 电气照明和类似设备的无线电骚扰特性的限值和测试	CISPR 15 Limits and methods of measurement of radio disturba	nce characteristics of electrical lighting and similar equipment
GB 17625 电磁兼容	IEC61000-3-2 Limits for harmonic current emission	
CE	IEC/EN60335-1, Household and similar electric	al appliances
CE	IEC/EN60335-2-65, Deals with the safety of elec	ctric air-cleaning appliances
China ROHS	2011/65/EU(ROHS 2.0)	
Viral testing	H3N2 (on going) Escherichia coli Staphylococcus albus Staphylococcus aureus	
Cooperate regulation	Q/OCN11-2018	

Standards and regulations

UV Lamp Power	4W	6W	8W	13W	15W	18W	30W	36W			
Initial UV-C irradiance (uw/cm ²)	11	17	22	35	50	62	100	135			
UV Lamp Power	7W	9W	11W	18W	24W	36W	55W				
Initial UV-C irradiance (uw/cm ²)	18	28	40	52	100	150	186				
After the sterilization fixture operated 5mins, test L	JV-C irradiand	e under 1M d	listance(µW/c	m2)							
Initial UV-C irradiance should above 93%						2012 步风注	「文母」				
EOL UV-C irradiance should above 65%					(GD/1 1923C	-2012 A7150	《不困月》				
Ozone shall lower than 0.05mg/kwh											
Ozone shall lower than 0.05mg/kwh Measurement of UV-C Irradiance (1) Set the UVC Fixture at 1M height, Put an UV detector meter under UVC lamp. (2) After the UVC fixture operated 5mins, test UVC irradiance under 1M distance(μW/cm2) (3) Stable input voltage at AC 220V (4) Initial UV-C irradiance should be above 90μW/cm2 _o (5) UVC lamp should be EOL if irradiance lower than 70μW/cm2											
《医疗机构消毒技术规范》&《消毒与灭菌效果的评价方法与标准 -GB15981》 China standards											

How to measure UV-C qualitatively and quantitatively



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Area of Applications

How to use AirZingTM

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AirZing[™] application in hospitals



Beijing XTS hospital

Wuhan No.4 Hospital





Wuhan No.1 Hospital



Wuhan No.4 Hospital



Wuhan No.5 Hospital



AirZing[™] in Italy



AirZing in Wuhan



Office building in Wuhan Pulmonary Hospital

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A testimonial video in Wuhan No.4 hospital



Click to watch the video



- 1. AirZing is working in a room. A notice of "UV-C in service" on the door.
- 2. The door is opened, AirZing is in service, you can see little purple light.
- 3. Once the nurse walks into the room, AirZing is shut down as IR sensor detectives unexpected people in the room to prevent hurt on eyes and skins by UV light.
- 4. A UV-C test paper shows our product is achieved medical standard (the purple color of diamond in middle is much darker than the benchmark rectangulars nearby. The darker the better)

Kindergarten application in China

















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Other applications



Area of applications

Water purification

Water must often be rid of pathogenic microorganisms to become safe for drinking. Ultraviolet radiation is employed to change the DNA structure of the microorganisms, either killing the bacteria immediately or rendering them unable to breed. Because UV purification is a physical disinfection method, without any harmful chemicals, it doesn't cause secondary pollution. This means there is no malodorous smell in the water or byproducts.

- Private households
- Water dispensers
- Community water works
- Mobile stations (camping, outdoor activities)
- Swimming pools
- Ultra-pure water systems
- Ponds and aquariums
- Fish farms
- Food processing factories
- Sewage systems

Air purification

Ultraviolet (UV) purification is a very effective method to clean the air of biological pollutants such as bacteria, viruses and fungal spores. UV germicidal lamps can be installed in ventilation ducts to clean the air passing through them. UV air purification is more economical and efficient than other air filtration and cleaning methods.

- Hospitals
- Doctors' practices
- Clean rooms
- Offices with or without AC systems
- Cars
- Storage rooms
- Food processing
- Rooms with frequent public access
- Animal stalls

Surface cleaning

For packaging pharmaceuticals and food, in aseptic zones in hospitals and for surface cleaning of equipment and instruments objects are exposed directly to UV radiation.

- Hospitals and other aseptic zones
- Health care
- Food and pharmaceutical industry

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How much UV-C we need to obliterate microorganisms Air purification



Application recommendation based on air purification

AirZing[™] can be ceiling mounted or wall mounted, the installation height of general space is between 2.5m-4m.



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How much UV-C we need to obliterate microorganisms Surface cleaning

It depends on

Microorganisms UV Susceptibility

Microorganisms structure and inherent ability to recover from damage induced by UV light





Microorganism	99%
Bacillus anthracis(vegetative)	90.4
S. enteritidis	80
B. megatherium sp. (veg.)	75
B. megatherium sp. (spores)	56
B. paratyphosus	64
B. subtilis (mixed)	142
B. subtilis spores	240
Corynebacterium diptheriae	68
Eberthella typhosa	42.8
Micrococcus candidus	121
Micrococcus piltonensis	162
Micrococcus sphaeroides	200
Neisseria catarrhalis	88
Phytomonas tumefaciens	88
Proteus vulgaris	54
Staphylococcus aureus	99

 J/m^2

Source: CIE 155:2003 UV Air Disinfection

w/m^2 S How long 36W 30W do we need 1.2 1.4 (a)to operate 0.20 0.22 1m our AirZing? 0.07 0.088 (a)5 2.5m For example: If we have a $10m^2$ space, We use 36W (AirZing PRO 5040) 0.22 w/m^2 The installation height is 2.5m 99 J/m² Our target is to kill 99% of Staphylococcus aureus We need to operate 450s = 99/0.227.5 mins

UV dose = Exposure time x UV Irradiance

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UV-C impacts on materials (manageable) Aging effect

Upper room irradiation can cause some types of plants to wilt and die. Hanging plants should be removed from these areas of disinfection. Additionally, as with other forms of UV, UV-C can cause paints and other materials to fade and degrade over time.

Source: CIE 155:2003 ULTRAVIOLET AIR DISINFECTION 8.4

UV radiation causes changes to many materials. Any increase in UV flux to the earth's surface will degrade infrastructure more quickly and so generate additional costs for repair and replacement.

Canadian research has addressed the effects of UV on polymers, wood and paper, building materials, paints and coatings, and textiles and clothing, although the main thrust has been on the evaluation of radiation resistance of materials used in space and of clothing materials.

Non-plastic materials such as roofing membranes and outdoor sealants are currently being studied with respect to their resistance to UV but not specifically in the context of enhanced, ozone-related irradiance.

Source: Extracted from material of Environmental Canada 1997, D.I Wardle, J.B. Kerr, C.T. McElroy and D.R. Francis. <u>http://kippzonen-brewer.com/uv/effect-uv-radiation/</u>

UV-C impacts on Human

Exposure to UV can cause injury to the eyes and skin

Overexposure to UV- C can result in transient conjunctival irritation (photoconjunctivitis) and skin irritation (erythema), which disappear within a 24-48 hour period without lasting biological damage (CIE, 2002).

Source: CIE 155:2003 ULTRAVIOLET AIR DISINFECTION 8.1

Today, the Global Solar UV Index is internationally recognised as the standard for evaluation of the sunburn risk and runs from UVI of 1 to UVI of 11+, where higher UV Index represents higher risk of sunburn and skin damage. The scale is shown below. The Global Solar UV Index can be calculated by multiplying the UVE radiation value by 40 m²/W.

Exposure category	UVI range	
Low	<2	
Moderate	3 to 5	
High	6 to 7	
Very high	8 to 10	
Extreme	11+	

For example:

- 36W AirZing is installated at 2.5m
- UV-C irradiation is 0.22w/m²
- UV Index is 8.8 = 0.22 x 40 very high

Source: Extracted from material of Environmental Canada 1997, D.I Wardle, J.B. Kerr, C.T. McElroy and D.R. Francis. <u>http://kippzonen-brewer.com/uv/effect-uv-radiation/</u>

Ozone-free product

NOT exceed the maximum permissible concentration

				11. M	[easureme	nts results				
Measurements results for meteorological factors of the air								Research resul mg/m ³		
Temperature, °C Atmosphere pressure, kPa							10 (A)		728 17	
0	++6	730731				8	Name of		Maximum	Normative
8	Conditions	of air samp	les taking	1			the		permissible concentration according to the normative document	documents for research methodology
Code of sample	Place of measurements	Number of samplin g point	Air temperat ure, °C	Dis From the floor	tance, m From the source of pollution	Time for sample taking, min.	factor	Revealed concentration		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Line F1	2						2 25 IN 10		
2307	Technological Equipment Setter (pasting, cap threading,	in .	25	1,5	0,5	9 ²⁰ -9 ³⁶	ozone	0,096 ± 0,024	0,1	МУК
2308	basing, crimping, ageing)		-"-	_"_	_"_	9 ⁴⁷⁰ -9 ⁵⁶	_"_	0,069 ± 0,017	- "-	No 1639- 77
2309	Loading of lamps to the ageing machine	æ	_"-	-"-	_"-	10 ⁰⁰ -10 ¹⁶	_"_	0,083 ± 0,021	- "-	- "-
2310	Technological Equipment Setter (pasting, cap threading	12	29	1,5	0,5	10 ²⁰ -10 ³⁶	ozone	0,096 ± 0,024	ر می	- ⁿ -
2311	basing, crimping, ageing)	17	36	_''_	-"-	10 ⁴⁰ -10 ⁵⁶	_"_	0,082 ± 0,020	- "-	- "-
2312	Came out of lamps from the ageing machine	12	-"-	_"_	_"_	11 00-1116	_"_	0,096 ± 0,024	_ "-	- "-

Conclusion: The content of ozone in the air in the Technological Equipment Setter's working area does not exceed the maximum permissible concentration, which is in conformity with the requirements of GOST 12.1.005-88 and GN 2.2.5.1313-03

AirZing[™] can be used in …



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